CITY of ALBUQUERQUE TWENTY THIRD COUNCIL

COUNCIL BILL NO. <u>O-19-89</u> **ENACTMENT NO. SPONSORED BY:** Isaac Benton and Trudy E. Jones, by request 1 **ORDINANCE** 2 ADOPTING ZONING CONVERSION RULES FOR PROPERTIES IN BATCH 3 OF 3 THE PHASE 2 ZONING CONVERSION EFFORT AS DIRECTED BY CITY 4 COUNCIL RESOLUTION 18-29 AND UPDATING THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAP. 5 WHEREAS, the City Council, the governing body of the City of 6 Albuquerque, has the authority to adopt and amend plans for the physical 7 development of areas within the planning and platting jurisdiction of the City 8 authorized by statute, Section 3-19-3, NMSA 1978, and by its home rule 9 powers; and 10 WHEREAS, the City's zoning powers are established by the City Charter, in which Article I, Incorporation and Powers, allows the City to adopt new Bracketed/Underscored Material] - New regulatory structures and processes to implement the Albuquerque/Bernalillo County Comprehensive Plan ("Comp Plan") and help guide future legislation; Article IX, Environmental Protection, empowers the City to adopt regulations and procedures to provide for orderly and coordinated development patterns and encourage conservation and efficient use of water and other natural resources; and Article XVII, Planning, establishes the City Council as the City's ultimate planning and zoning authority; and WHEREAS, the City Council adopted an updated Comp Plan on March 20, 2017 via R-16-108 (Enactment No. R-2017-026), including goals and policies to maintain healthy, vibrant, and distinct communities through zoning and design standards that are consistent with long-established residential 23 patterns; and 24 WHEREAS, the Comp Plan establishes a complementary pair of 25 Development Areas – Areas of Change, where growth is encouraged and

higher-density and higher-intensity uses are the most appropriate, and Areas

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ı	or Consistency, where the existing pattern or uses, density, and intensity is to
2	be maintained and reinforced over time; and
3	WHEREAS, the Integrated Development Ordinance (IDO) was drafted as
4	part of a citywide effort to update and replace the City's 40-year-old, 1970s-era
5	Comprehensive Zoning Code, and as the primary regulatory tool to implement
6	the Comp Plan for land within the municipal boundaries of the City of
7	Albuquerque; and
8	WHEREAS, the IDO's stated purpose is to implement the Comp Plan;
9	ensure that all development in the City is consistent with the intent of other
10	plans and policies adopted by City Council; ensure provision of adequate
11	public facilities and services for new development; protect quality and
12	character of residential neighborhoods; promote economic development and
13	fiscal sustainability of the City; provide efficient administration of City land
14	use and development regulations; protect health, safety, and general welfare
15	of the public; provide for orderly and coordinated development patterns;
16	encourage conservation and efficient use of water and other natural
17	resources; implement a connected system of parks, trails, and open spaces to
18	promote improved outdoor activity and public health; provide reasonable
19	protection from possible nuisances and hazards and to otherwise protect and
20	improve public health; and encourage efficient and connected transportation
21	and circulation systems for motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians; and
22	WHEREAS, the IDO was drafted to be consistent with and implement Comp
23	Plan goals and policies; and
24	WHEREAS, the IDO helps to implement Comp Plan goals and policies by
25	providing a set of zone districts (§14-16-2) that range from low intensity to
26	high intensity and designating the appropriate mix of land uses in each zone
27	district; and
28	WHEREAS, with the adoption of the IDO, the City Council adopted zoning
29	conversion rules for approximately 750 categories of Special Use zones that
30	were site-specific (i.e. SU-1 zones), approximately 450 Special Use zones
31	established by the adoption of Sector Development Plans (i.e. SU-2 and SU-3
32	zones), and approximately 20 base zones from the Comprehensive Zoning

Code to convert pre-existing zone districts to base zone districts established

1	by the IDO in the Official Zoning Map (§14-16-1-6) that matched as closely as
2	possible the permissive uses in each zone; and
3	WHEREAS, the intent of the IDO was to update the City's land use and
4	zoning framework to protect the character of existing development and to
5	regulate future development without eliminating or limiting the ability of
6	lawful, existing land uses to continue after the IDO's adoption; and
7	WHEREAS, the City understands that predictability of zoning and
8	compatibility of land use and zoning are essential in order to maintain and
9	strengthen economic value and viability for property owners and businesses,
10	and to ensure appropriate and adequate protections for neighboring
11	properties; and
12	WHEREAS, the Official Zoning Map is used to apply land use regulations in
13	the IDO to development throughout the city and in decision-making for zoning
14	map amendments and long-range planning; and
15	WHEREAS, an accurate and transparent Official Zoning Map is critical to
16	the City's role in providing for the health, welfare, and safety of the public; and
17	WHEREAS, updating the Official Zoning Map to better match zoning with
18	existing land uses is consistent with the objectives of the IDO and the Comp
19	Plan and benefits the City and property owners by eliminating
20	nonconformities where appropriate and improving the accuracy of information
21	and regulatory requirements for individual parcels; and
22	WHEREAS, many uses developed legally on properties either before City
23	zoning was established in 1959, before City zoning actions in subsequent
24	years that disallowed particular uses in particular zones, or before the IDO
25	established different allowable uses in the new zone districts, making such
26	existing uses legally nonconforming; and
27	WHEREAS, many properties in the City have developed with a low-density
28	residential use (e.g. townhouse, duplex, or single-family detached house) in
29	zones that otherwise would have allowed more dense and more intense uses,
30	and converting these properties to a zone district that allows less dense and
31	less intense uses with the permission of the property owner will help preserve
32	neighborhood stability and land use predictability – thus advancing two
33	leading objectives of the City's in the area of land use regulation; and

WHEREAS, there are many properties with two or more zone districts
covering a single lot (whether based on plat or deed) for a variety of historical
reasons, which has resulted in a floating zone line that cannot accurately be
associated with any actual recorded boundary for purposes of implementing
the respective zoning requirements of the multiple zones; and
WHEREAS, there are many undeveloped properties that had former Special
Use (SU) or R-D zoning, which often required further review and decision
processes to define allowable uses, that converted in Phase 1 to zones that
may not accurately allow uses matching those that were previously
anticipated and that may be otherwise inconsistent with surrounding land use
and zoning patterns; and
WHEREAS, pursuant to the Phase 1 conversion rules, many properties
were converted to PD (which properties may or may not have an approved Site

were converted to PD (which properties may or may not have an approved Site Plan) or NR-BP (which properties may or may not have an approved Master Development Plan) even though they do not all meet the size thresholds for those zone districts established by the IDO, and although this may not impact the ultimately usability of those properties, it does present a nonconformity that can otherwise be cured; and

WHEREAS, City Council Resolution 18-29 directed the Planning
Department to create a Phase 2 zoning conversion process to evaluate,
analyze, process, and recommend citywide zoning conversions consistent
with the Comprehensive Plan and the IDO implementation goals, wherein
property owners would voluntarily convert the zoning on their properties to
address one or more of 5 following issues that were known at the time of the
IDO adoption but not resolved by the initial zoning conversion that became
effective as of May 17, 2018: 1) Nonconforming use(s), 2) Voluntary downzone,
3) Floating zone line(s), 4) Prior Special Use (SU) or R-D zoning, and 5) Size
thresholds for PD and NR-BP; and

WHEREAS, City Council Resolution 18-29 directed the Planning
Department to evaluate each property whose owner submitted a request and
agreement form to determine whether it reasonably falls within at least one of
the 5 identified criteria and decline to process those that do not; and

WHEREAS, for properties to be eligible through the nonconforming use
criterion, Planning Department staff determined that the existing use had to
have been legally allowed when the use began or that the use began before
the City established regulations on that use; and
WHEREAS, for properties to be eligible through the voluntary downzone
criterion, Planning Department staff determined that the property was zoned
R-T, R-ML, R-MH, MX-T, MX-L or MX-M and had an existing low-density
residential use (e.g. single-family detached house, duplex, or townhouse), and
that there was a less intense or less dense zone district that still allowed the
existing use and was compatible with surrounding land use and zoning
patterns or that the property had a City park or Major Public Open Space in a
zone that was not NR-PO; and
WHEREAS, for properties to be eligible through the floating zone line
category, Planning Department staff determined that the property had to have
2 zone districts on one parcel – either a platted parcel (as mapped by AGIS) or
deeded parcel (as mapped by the Bernalillo County Assessor); and
WHEREAS, for properties to be eligible through the prior Special Use (SU)
or R-D zoning criterion, Planning Department staff determined that the
property had to be undeveloped (i.e. contained no structure up to the time the
Phase 2, Batch 2 properties were submitted to the Environmental Planning
Commission (EPC) for review and recommendation) and had previously been
zoned SU-1, SU-2, SU-3, or R-D; and
WHEREAS, for properties to be eligible through the size threshold criterion
for PD or NR-BP, Planning Department staff determined that a property zoned
PD had to be less than 2 acres in size or greater than 20 acres in size or that a
property zoned NR-BP had to be less than 20 acres in size and not part of an
approved Master Development Plan; and
WHEREAS, properties zoned NR-BP that are less than 20 acres in size and
part of an approved Master Development Plan are governed by the Master
Development Plan, and changing the zoning on those properties would make
it less transparent to the fact that they would still be governed by the Master
Development Plan unless the Master Development Plan were amended to

remove those properties from the Master Development Plan boundary; and

WHEREAS, for those properties whose owners requested conversion to a
zone district that did not match or that was not compatible with the land use
and zoning pattern of the surrounding area, Planning staff recommended a
zoning conversion that was more compatible with the surrounding land use
and zoning pattern and that still resolved the relevant issues in the criteria of
R-18-29; and
WHEREAS, there are many properties with lot lines that differ spatially
between platted lots (approved by the City, recorded by the Bernalillo County
Clerk, and mapped by AGIS) and deeded lots (recorded and mapped by the
Bernalillo County Assessor); and
WHEREAS, Phase 2 zoning conversions will be completed only on lots
mapped in the AGIS layer "City Parcel"; and
WHEREAS, the Planning Department conducted public outreach efforts
that included advertisements in print media, online media, and radio; inserts
mailed with the Property Tax Bill to all property owners in Albuquerque; an
insert mailed with the water bill to all developed properties; direct mailings to
property owners of over 30,000 properties that likely qualify for this process;
tabling at community events to distribute information; attendance and
presentations at Neighborhood Association meetings; and one-on-one office
hour appointments; and
WHEREAS, owners of 36 eligible properties signed a Property Owner
Request and Agreement Form to opt in to the Phase 2 zoning conversion
process by the May 17, 2019 deadline and were subsequently submitted as the
third batch of properties for review and recommendation by the EPC; and
WHEREAS, Planning staff confirmed the eligibility of these Batch 3
properties and recommended zoning conversions to address the applicable
issues in R-18-29, meet the goals of IDO implementation, and further the goals
and policies in the Comp Plan; and
WHEREAS, Planning staff found adopted Comprehensive Plan goals and
policies that both supported and conflicted with the request to convert 29
properties from MX-L to MX-T; and

WHEREAS, Planning staff either confirmed the zoning conversion requested by the property owner as appropriate or recommended a more

1	appropriate zoning conversion given the existing lawful use of the property
2	and the surrounding land use and zoning patterns; and
3	WHEREAS, the voluntary process established by R-18-29 necessarily
4	results in a phased conversion of various parcels on a citywide basis; and
5	WHEREAS, the City amended the Comp Plan in 2001 via R-01-343
6	(Enactment No. 171-2001) to identify Community Planning Areas and provide
7	goals and policies to protect and enhance distinct community identity in each
8	area; and
9	WHEREAS, the Comp Plan describes a Community Planning Area
10	assessment process to provide opportunities for community engagement and
11	analysis of each of the City's 12 Community Planning Areas every 5 years,
12	culminating in an update to the goals and policies in the Comp Plan, as
13	recommended by the assessments; and
14	WHEREAS, the IDO establishes a Community Planning Area assessment
15	process as the City's new process for long-range planning with communities,
16	intended to provide opportunities on a 5-year cycle to analyze and recommend
17	zoning and regulatory changes in specific geographic areas to better
18	implement the Comp Plan; and
19	WHEREAS, concerns about the resulting changes to zoning patterns from
20	Phase 2 zoning conversions can be addressed through Community Planning
21	Area assessments, which may result in recommendations to City Council for
22	future zoning actions for certain neighborhoods, districts, or corridors, as
23	appropriate; and
24	WHEREAS, on October 10, 2019, the EPC, in its advisory role on land use
25	and planning matters, recommended approval of this request (Project 2018-
26	001843, Case RZ-2019-00035), based on findings that support the 7 voluntary
27	downzone requests on the East Side but that recommend rejection of the 29
28	requests for MX-T (a zone that allows single-family development) on the West
29	Side based on the prior Special Use criterion for undeveloped property; and
30	WHEREAS, the EPC found that the request for 29 properties to convert
31	from MX-L (a zone that allows both non-residential development and
32	residential development but not single-family residential development) to MX-
33	T (a zone that allows both non-residential development and residential

development, including single-family residential development) was not

Policy 5.2.1.k that discourages changes of zoning that would allow more

compatible with the goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan, particularly

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